Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Department of Histopathology

OPHTHALMIC PATHOLOGY
DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE

USER GUIDE

A Laboratory of the National Specialist Ophthalmic Pathology Service
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ABBREVIATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STH</th>
<th>Sheffield Teaching Hospitals</th>
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<tr>
<td>NHS</td>
<td>National Health Service</td>
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<td>NSOPS</td>
<td>National Specialist Ophthalmic Pathology Service</td>
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1. DEPARTMENT OVERVIEW

1.1. The ophthalmic pathology department of STH provides a diagnostic service in ophthalmic histopathology and cytopathology. It is one of 4 laboratories within England making up the National Specialist Ophthalmic Pathology Service (NSOPS).

1.2. NSOPS laboratories were commissioned by the National Commissioning Group (now the Advisory Group for National Specialised Services) and are centrally funded. This means that NHS cases submitted to NSOPS laboratories for examination are seen without charge to the referring clinician.

1.3. The ophthalmic pathology department aims to provide a high quality and timely service with provision of expertise in diagnosis by using an appropriate range of techniques including histology, histochemistry and immunohistochemistry.

1.4. The department consists of one consultant histopathologist, biomedical scientists and clerical staff.

1.5. The department is committed to the safe and secure handling and disposal of confidential information and accurately reporting results of investigations in a timely, confidential and clinically useful manner.

1.6. Material may be submitted elsewhere for techniques not performed within the department, such as PCR studies. However, such extra tests may be not covered by the commissioning arrangement and may be charged to the referring clinician.

1.7. The department does not arrange or provide the following diagnostic laboratory services: microbiology, virology, immunology, haematology, biochemistry or advice on control of infection.

1.8. Electron microscopy is available within the histopathology department in which the ophthalmic pathology department is embedded and is used for diagnostic purposes when considered appropriate.

2. HOW TO CONTACT US

The ophthalmic pathology department is located within the department of histopathology on E-floor of the Royal Hallamshire Hospital

2.1. Postal address

For correspondence and specimens:

Ophthalmic Pathology
Histopathology
E-Floor Royal Hallamshire Hospital
Glossop Road
Sheffield Teaching Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
S10 2JF
2.2. Laboratory Opening Times:

0900 – 1700 hours

Monday - Friday, excluding Public/Bank Holidays (England)

NB: There is no out of hours or weekend service.

2.3. Key Contacts

Fax No: 0114 2712200

General Enquiries:
Mrs Sue Stokes
Secretary to Dr HS Mudhar
Tel: 01142712109
Email: susan.stokes@sth.nhs.uk

Technical Enquiries:
Mr Adam Meeney
Advanced Biomedical Science Practitioner
Tel: 01142713016
Email: adam.meeney@sth.nhs.uk

Mrs Natasha Hill
Senior Biomedical Scientist
Tel: 01142712240
Email: natasha.hill@sth.nhs.uk

Clinical Enquiries:
Dr Hardeep Mudhar
Consultant Ophthalmic Pathologist
Tel: 01142268967
Email: hardeep.mudhar@sth.nhs.uk
3. HISTOPATHOLOGY:
INVESTIGATIONS AVAILABLE AND SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS

3.1. Routine Histopathology

3.1.1. Histopathological examination of biopsy material, either diagnostic or excisional, of any tissue from the eye or its adnexal structures is available.

3.1.2. Guidance on which specimens should be submitted for examination may be found at:

http://www.specialisedservices.nhs.uk/doc/10034

An expanded version of this document may be found at:


3.1.3. The choice of methodology and appropriateness of the investigation are at the discretion of the consultant pathologist who is guided by details on the clinical request form and knowledge of laboratory methods and current "best practice".

3.1.4. Ophthalmologists are free to discuss the methods employed for any given specimen, but the final decision remains a remit of the clinical pathologist.

3.2. Fast Paraffin Processing/Pseudo MOHS/Slow MOHS

3.2.1. In cases (usually eyelid tumour surgery) where a lesion is being excised, and subsequent reconstruction depends on knowledge of whether the margins are tumour free, a “fast paraffin” approach may be considered.

3.2.2. If the specimen can be delivered to the laboratory on the morning of the initial surgery, it can be processed overnight and an opinion will be available by midday on the next working day.

3.2.3. NB: This service is labour-intensive and must be booked in advance by contacting laboratory staff in advance to ensure both technical and clinical staff are available. Also this service is only available to STH ophthalmologists.

3.3. Unfixed Specimens

3.3.1. There is currently no reason to submit unfixed histology specimens to the ophthalmic pathology laboratory.

3.3.2. Fresh material may be of use in investigation of neoplasia by molecular diagnostic methods, but this must be arranged with an appropriate laboratory by the referring clinician.
3.3.3. **NB:** In cases where sebaceous carcinoma is suspected, specimens should still be submitted in formalin.

### 3.4. Histopathology Specimen Requirements

3.4.1. Histology specimens should be submitted in an appropriately sized leak-proof container containing standard tissue fixative (10% formalin).

3.4.2. Specimens for direct immunofluorescence for mucous membrane pemphigoid/ocular cicatrising pemphigoid should be sent in Michels medium. If this is not available in your local department please contact us and we can provide it for you. If you require any advice on what tissue to sample please contact Dr Mudhar or Mr Meeney on the details above.

### 3.5. Urgent Specimens

3.5.1. It should be indicated on the request form if the specimen requires urgent attention.

3.5.2. It is recommended that specimens deemed to be urgent are received by the laboratory as early in the day as practicable and before 1500h.

3.5.3. If a report is required by a particular date, this should be indicated on the request form. An attempt will be made to accommodate these requests, but a
4. CYTOLOGY:  
INVESTIGATIONS AVAILABLE AND SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS

4.1. Cytology Investigations

4.1.1. Cytology is the investigation of small samples of dispersed or dissociated cells and other tissue components devoid of natural tissue architecture.

4.1.2. Specimens for cytological investigations include surface impression cytology and cytology of fluid such as tears, aqueous, vitreous, or fluid from cystic lesions.

4.1.3. Cytological investigation provides a preliminary diagnostic impression and should not be regarded as providing a definitive diagnosis.

4.1.4. The practice of cytology is difficult and if there is uncertainty about its use in a particular case, it is preferable to discuss the case with the consultant pathologist prior to obtaining the specimen.

4.2. Cytology Specimen Requirements

4.2.1. **Impression cytology discs** should be submitted in a pot containing formalin in a manner similar to histology specimens.

4.2.2. **Vitrectomy specimens:** We prefer to receive a formal pars plana vitrectomy in a cassette or bag. If samples are required for microbiology, virology or PCR etc please remove these from the cassette/bag first. These samples need to be fixed in an equal volume of a cytology fixative (locally we use Shandon cytospin collection fluid) or if this is not available 10% neutral buffered formalin will suffice.

4.2.3. **Small volume cytology specimens:** the syringe used in the collection of the sample may be submitted with the fluid inside. **Needles must be removed and the syringe capped.** If the specimen is to be fixed, an equal volume of cytology fixative or 10% formalin may be drawn up into the same syringe. Indication should be made on the request form as to whether the specimen is fixed or not. Please do not send unfixed specimens from outside hospitals unless by same day courier.

4.2.4. **If microbiological investigation is required, the requesting clinician must submit a separate specimen to an appropriate microbiology service.** It is not possible for this laboratory to split a specimen under sterile conditions.
5. HOW TO SUBMIT SPECIMENS FOR INVESTIGATION

5.1. Request Forms and Sample Labelling

5.1.1. For all specimens submitted to the laboratory, a fully completed request form MUST accompany each case.

5.1.2. You may use request forms provided by this department or by your own local histopathology department, as long as it is suitable for histopathology or cytology specimens.

5.1.3. Request forms are designed to provide:

- unique identification of the patient.
- a destination for the report and any charging information.
- the laboratory with the clinician contact details if discussion of the case is required.
- date and time of specimen collection/removal and investigations required (e.g., histology/cytology).
- type of specimen and anatomical site of origin
- clinical information so that the pathologist may handle the specimen appropriately and interpret microscopic findings in the proper context.
- an awareness of any health and safety issues with a given specimen.

5.1.4. With this in mind, please provide complete information on the request form. Failure to adequately complete any portion of a request form may lead to dangerous errors, the responsibility for which will lie with the referring ophthalmologist.

5.1.5. NB: The patient's NHS number should be stated (when applicable), as this provides a unique identifier, together with patient's first and last names, date of birth, gender, hospital number (if appropriate) and ethnicity.

5.1.6. Each specimen container, no matter how small, must also be labelled with the appropriate patient identification data (minimum of 3 identifiers eg first and last name, date of birth/age, gender and preferably patient’s NHS/Hospital No). The information must be consistent with the request form, to prevent errors in specimen and patient identification. Multiple specimens from the same patient should also identify the specimen type/site.

5.1.7. If there are discrepancies between the request form and specimen labelling, specimens in inadequately labelled containers or accompanied by inadequately completed request forms; the requesting clinician will be required to complete
the documentation by visiting the laboratory or the specimen may be returned to the referring clinician for proper completion, resulting in a delay in processing.

5.2. HIGH RISK/DANGER OF INFECTION SPECIMENS

5.2.1. It is the responsibility of the requesting clinician to indicate on the REQUEST FORM AND SPECIMEN if the patient is known or suspected to be within a “High Risk/Danger of Infection” category (eg HIV, TB, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C), to facilitate appropriate handling.

5.3. Specimen Containment

5.3.1. It is the responsibility of the referring clinical/surgical team to ensure that all specimens are submitted to the laboratory in suitable and approved containers.

5.3.2. Approved specimen containers have leak-proof lids and the appropriate hazard warning sign for the fixative eg formalin.

5.3.3. Ensure specimen containers are closed securely and placed inside a sealed specimen bag.

5.3.4. Specimens received leaking or damaged are a danger to all those who come into contact with them, including theatre staff, porters and laboratory staff.

5.3.5. Leakage from a specimen container may seriously compromise the diagnostic process. If a specimen is deemed unsuitable for safe processing by the laboratory staff, it will be disposed of and the requesting clinician informed of the problem as soon as is practicable.

6. SPECIMEN TRANSPORTATION TO THE LABORATORY

6.1. Mailed or Couriered Specimens

6.1.1. Specimens mailed or couriered should be packaged in approved containers and in accordance with the requirements of the delivery service. Hospitals more local to the department may make their own delivery arrangements via portering or delivery van services.

6.1.2. To confirm receipt of specimen(s) in the department, it is recommended that a ‘confirmation of receipt fax-back’ form, providing the senders confidential fax number, is enclosed with the specimen(s).

7. RECEIPT OF SPECIMENS IN THE LABORATORY

7.1. A specimen does not become the responsibility of the laboratory until it arrives at the specimen reception area within the department of histopathology on E-floor of the RHH Sheffield.

7.2. Specimens should reach the laboratory before 1500h for processing that day.
(fixation allowing). Specimens received after 1500h may not be processed until the following working day.

7.3. It is therefore recommended that specimens deemed to be urgent, are delivered to the laboratory as early in the day as practicable and before 1500h.

7.4. On receipt, the request form and specimen are assigned a unique laboratory number which tracks the specimen throughout and is stated on the report.

8. REPORTS

The department aims to provide a timely as well as a high quality service.

8.1. Availability of Reports/Turnaround Times

8.1.1. Target turnaround times (from specimen receipt to availability of an authorised report) are as follows:

- Small specimens: 5 working days
- Large specimens: 7 working days
- Complex specimens: 14 working days

8.1.2. However, it is not always possible to have a final report available within the above stated times. Complex cases may require a sequential series of special investigations, and in the case of referrals from elsewhere, time may be spent awaiting submission of further diagnostic material at our request.

8.1.3. If a report is required by a particular date, this should be indicated on the request form. An attempt will be made to accommodate these requests, but a final report by a particular date cannot be guaranteed.

8.1.4. Internal reports will be issued via internal mail and on the ICE system. The laboratory prefers to issue reports via an nhs.net email address. If this is not available the report will be sent by post.

8.1.5. If a report is not received as expected please contact the lab as soon as possible on the contact details given above.

8.3. Clinical Advice and Interpretation

8.3.1. Advice to clinicians is readily available at all stages of the diagnostic process, from deciding what material to submit for examination to guidance on interpretation of the final report.

8.3.2. Please feel free to contact the consultant pathologist or the technical staff in
the department for discussion of individual cases.

8.3.3. If discussing a report, please quote the Laboratory Number which appears on
the report and uniquely identifies the patient and specimen.

8.4. Time Limits for Requesting Additional Examinations
Paraffin wax blocks are retained indefinitely and stained slides are retained for a
minimum of 10 years, should additional examinations be required.

9. USER SATISFACTION
9.1. It is our aim to continually provide, maintain and improve the services of our
department so that they most suit the needs and requirements of our users and
benefit patient care.

9.2. Feedback questionnaires are issued annually but, in the meantime, we appreciate
any comments or suggestions that you consider would improve the quality of
services provided. Feedback can be given using any of the contact details above.

10. NON-NHS SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DEPARTMENT
10.1. Specimens from Private Patients
10.1.1. The department accepts specimens from private patients, for which a charge
will be made to the referring clinician.

10.1.2. A scale of charges and invoicing registration form is available from the
departmental secretary on request.

10.1.3. NB: If the correct status of the patient (ie NHS or private) is not correctly
declared, the requesting clinician may face penalties.

10.1.4. Internal users: The request form accompanying such a specimen must
clearly indicate that the specimen is from a private patient.

10.1.5. External users: A histopathology request form should be accompanied by a
paper with the consulting room address (eg headed notepaper or a
compliments slip) and including some reference (eg the patient's hospital
number or initials) and requesting clinician’s signature.

10.1.6. Alternatively, you may wish to make your histopathology examination request
in the form of a referral letter on headed notepaper with the requesting
clinician’s signature.

10.2. Research
10.2.1. The ophthalmic pathology department is happy to actively support
researchers.
10.2.2. Services can range from technical preparation of small numbers of slides to collaborative work with input from one or more consultant ophthalmic pathologists.

10.2.3. Please contact the department if you wish to discuss a project.

10.3. Training

10.3.1. Both ophthalmologists and histopathologists are welcome to spend time in the department if they wish to learn about ophthalmic pathology, either in preparation for examinations or in order to develop a subspecialist interest.

10.3.2. The department does not currently form part of any rotational training scheme, which allows training placements to be tailored to an individual in a flexible manner.

10.3.3. Please contact the laboratory if you wish to arrange a training placement.